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Agenda item 36
The situation in the Middle East

Security Council
Sixty-sixth year

Identical letters dated 1 February 2011 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

On instructions from my Government, I transmit to you herewith a statistical summary of the violations of Security Council resolution 1701 (2006) committed by Israel in December 2010 (see annex).

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the sixty-fifth session of the General Assembly, under agenda item 36, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Nawaf **Salam**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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Annex to the identical letters dated 1 February 2011 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

Israeli violations, acts of aggression and other activities during the month of December 2010

Date	*Time*	*Land violations*
3 December 2010	1130	The Israeli enemy, at the Sammaqah position inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, fired several bursts of light and medium machine-gun fire.
	1140	The Israeli enemy detonated listening devices that had been unearthed as a Poclain excavator was being operated in Wadi Qaysiyah, opposite the Abbad position. The machine's operators, Hussein and Hassan Shahadah, suffered several injuries.
4 December 2010	0625	From position *ghayn*-38 (west of Ayta al-Sha'ab-1), a member of an Israeli enemy patrol photographed Lebanese territory and the Lebanese Army position at Hadab.
5 December 2010	1430	Members of an Israeli enemy patrol pointed a 12.7 mm machine gun and directed profanities towards a soldier at the Lebanese Army position at Dahirah.
8 December 2010	1045	At the Fatimah Gate, Kafr Kila district, members of an Israeli enemy patrol directed profanities at a Lebanese journalist from the Manar television channel.
9 December 2010	0830	As two Israeli enemy Merkava tanks and a jeep vehicle were moving from inside occupied Palestinian territory to position *ghayn*-20 (Dahirah Gate), one of the tanks directed its gun towards the Lebanese Army position at Tall al-Ghaba'in, opposite the town of Dahirah.
12 December 2010	1925	As it was moving from position *ghayn*-20 (Dahirah Gate) to position *ghayn*-21 (south of Dahirah farm), an Israeli enemy patrol directed a searchlight for five seconds towards the Lebanese Army position at Dahirah.
15 December 2010	1130	Several explosions were heard inside the occupied Shab'a Farms and heavy vehicles were heard moving at the perimeter of the Sammaqah position.
16 December 2010	1755	An Israeli enemy patrol stopped near position *ghayn*-73 (Labbunah/Jabal al-Mishqaf-4) and directed a searchlight for five seconds towards the Lebanese Army position at Ra's Naqurah.

Date	*Time*	*Land violations*
17 December 2010	1120	An Israeli enemy patrol encroached 20 metres beyond the technical fence at coordinates (752300-688600). It remained at that position for 10 minutes, without violating the line of withdrawal.
18 December 2010	0950	As it was moving from position *ghayn*-20 (Dahirah Gate) to position *ghayn*-21 (south of Dahirah farm), an Israeli enemy patrol directed profanities and provocative gestures towards the personnel of the Lebanese Army position at Tall al-Ghaba'in.
19 December 2010	0930	The Israeli enemy installed a sophisticated surveillance camera and a parabolic antenna on a transmission tower at position *shin*-18 (Sheikh Abbad). The devices were pointed towards Lebanese territory.
20 December 2010	1810	Members of an Israeli enemy patrol directed a searchlight for seven minutes from position *ghayn*-21 (south of Dahirah farm) towards the Lebanese Army position at Dahirah. Two enemy personnel then twice directed a light towards the sentry at the above-mentioned position, shining the light for three seconds each time.
22 December 2010	2200	Two Israeli enemy soldiers directed a laser beam for one minute from position *ghayn*-21 (south of Dahirah farm) towards a house in the town of Dahirah.
23 December 2010	2130	As it was moving from position *ghayn*-18 (Sheikh Abbad) to position *shin*-27 (Misgav Am), an Israeli enemy patrol directed a searchlight for 10 minutes towards Lebanese territory.
24 December 2010	1550	As an Israeli enemy patrol was moving from position *shin*-32 (Fatimah Gate-1) to position *shin*-36 (south of al-Marj), one of its members photographed the command post of the Lebanese Army's 912th company at Kafr Kila and the Lebanese Army observation post at the Fatimah Gate garden.
	1620	As two Israeli enemy tanks were moving from position *ghayn*-21 (south of Dahirah farm) to position *ghayn*-20 (Dahirah Gate), one of them directed its gun for 10 minutes towards the Lebanese Army position at Tall al-Ghaba'in, opposite the town of Dahirah.
	1755	The Israeli enemy directed a searchlight for one minute from position *ghayn*-20 (Dahirah Gate) towards the Lebanese Army position at Tall al-Ghaba'in.

Date	*Time*	*Land violations*
26 December 2010	1020	On the outskirts of the town of Kafr Shuba, in the occupied Shab'a Farms area, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two soldiers violated the line of withdrawal by crossing some 20 metres into liberated Lebanese territory at coordinates (Q:752300-N:688600). They remained there for 15 minutes.
	1235	As an Israeli enemy patrol was moving from position *shin*-32 (Fatimah Gate-1) to position *shin*-36 (south of al-Marj), its members directed obscenities towards Lebanese Army soldiers manning the barrier at the Fatimah Gate. The incident occurred in the presence of personnel of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon. When they had reached the public garden at the Fatimah Gate, they directed profanities and obscene gestures towards some girls.
	1537	Israeli enemy soldiers from the *ghayn*-21 position (south of Dahirah farm) photographed Lebanese territory.
27 December 2010	0755	On the outskirts of the town of Kafr Shuba, in the occupied Shab'a Farms area, an Israeli enemy foot patrol consisting of four soldiers violated the line of withdrawal by crossing some 20 metres into liberated Lebanese territory at coordinates (Q:752300-N:688600). They remained there for two minutes.
31 December 2010	1145	On the outskirts of the town of Kafr Shuba, in the occupied Shab'a Farms area, an Israeli enemy foot patrol consisting of six soldiers violated the line of withdrawal by crossing some 20 metres into liberated Lebanese territory at coordinates (Q:752300-N:688600). They remained there for five minutes.
	2235	As an Israeli enemy patrol was moving from position *ghayn*-20 (Dahirah Gate) to position *ghayn*-21 (south of Dahirah farm), its members directed a searchlight for 15 seconds towards Lebanese territory. On the outskirts of the town of Kafr Shuba, in the occupied Shab'a Farms area, an Israeli enemy foot patrol consisting of four soldiers violated the line of withdrawal by crossing some 20 metres into liberated Lebanese territory at coordinates (Q:752300-N:688600). They remained there for two minutes.

Date	*Time*	*Sea violations*
17 December 2010	2345	An Israeli enemy launch directed a searchlight five times towards Lebanese territorial waters, shining the light for five seconds each time.
27 December 2010	1920	An Israeli enemy launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters for five seconds.
	1925	An Israeli enemy launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters for 30 seconds.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
1 December 2010	0045	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South and the western Bekaa before leaving at 1210 hours over the sea off Naqurah.
	0720	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 1105 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1555	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 2250 hours over Kafr Kila.
2 December 2010	0455	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0515 hours.
	0640	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Baalbek, Hirmil and the South before leaving at 1940 hours over Naqurah.
	1150	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila and heading north. They proceeded as far as Jubb Jannin before leaving at 1200 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	2055	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2119 hours.
	2249	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2258 hours.
3 December 2010	0025	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0053 hours.
	1205	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2315 hours.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
	1623	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1629 hours.
	1645	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1650 hours.
4 December 2010	0830	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Aytarun. They circled over the western Bekaa and the South before leaving at 1045 hours over Rumaysh.
	1300	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 2020 hours over Naqurah.
5 December 2010	0641	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1123 hours.
	0740	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah and heading north. It circled over the South, Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving at 1950 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1250	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South and the western Bekaa before leaving at 1415 hours.
	2120	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b and heading north. It circled over the South before leaving at 0150 hours on 6 December 2010 over Rumaysh.
6 December 2010	0445	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance balloon was observed in the skies over Judaydah-Fakhah. It hovered over the highlands of Judaydah before heading south.
7 December 2010	1320	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over Tallat al-Nabi Awaydah before leaving at 1325 hours.
8 December 2010	0558	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0620 hours.
	0630	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Baalbek and Hirmil before leaving at 1645 hours over Kafr Kila.
	0940	Two Israeli enemy helicopters circled over Ramta (*zay*-16) and Sammaqah (*zay*-17) farms, in the area of the occupied Shab'a Farms. Vehicles were heard moving at both positions.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
	1810	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over Hasbayya and Marj Uyun before leaving at 1825 hours over Kafr Kila.
	1815	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea to the west of Naqurah. It circled over the sea off Sidon and Tyre before leaving at 2100 hours over Naqurah.
	2121	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2216 hours.
9 December 2010	0710	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 1805 hours over Naqurah.
	1000	Four Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1130 hours over Kafr Kila.
10 December 2010	0834	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 0835 hours.
	0920	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1120 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1408	Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 1412 hours.
14 December 2010	1028	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 1030 hours.
	1030	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 1034 hours.
	1055	Three Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 1104 hours.
	1115	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1117 hours.
	1305	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 1820 hours over Rumaysh.
	1516	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1520 hours.
	1828	Three Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 1829 hours.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
15 December 2010	0635	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 1200 hours over Rumaysh.
	0915	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1045 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1930	An Israeli enemy observation balloon was sighted above the plain in which lie the towns of Bidnayil, Bayt Shama, Timnin al-Fawqa and Tarayya.
16 December 2010	0607	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0618 hours.
	0630	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs before leaving at 1605 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
20 December 2010	2139	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2359 hours.
21 December 2010	0001	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0205 hours.
	0808	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1852 hours.
	0810	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South, Riyaq and Baalbek before leaving at 1810 hours over Rumaysh.
	0940	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1050 hours over the sea off Naqurah.
	0943	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1050 hours over the sea off Naqurah.
	1118	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Jubayl (Byblos). They circled over the sea between Jubayl and Shikka before leaving at 1145 hours over the sea off Jubayl.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
	1345	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1505 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1541	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace. They circled over the South before leaving at 1543 hours.
	1903	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2219 hours.
22 December 2010	0233	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0252 hours.
	0605	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 0629 hours.
	0630	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, then over the South before leaving at 1930 hours over Naqurah.
23 December 2010	0110	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1453 hours.
	0625	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the Beirut area before leaving at [illegible]30 hours over Naqurah.
	0705	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South and the western Bekaa before leaving at 2030 hours over Naqurah.
	0910	Twelve Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1035 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1811	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2310 hours.
24 December 2010	1000	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the South before leaving at 1940 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
25 December 2010	0743	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 2015 hours over Rumaysh.
	0810	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b and heading north. It circled over the South and the western Bekaa before leaving at 1400 hours over Rumaysh.
	0900	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila and heading north. They circled over the western Bekaa and the South before leaving at 1030 hours over Naqurah.
	1141	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1853 hours.
26 December 2010	1700	An Israeli enemy aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1804 hours.
	2116	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 2134 hours.
27 December 2010	0532	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1138 hours.
	0625	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 1210 hours over Naqurah.
	0805	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South and the western Bekaa before leaving at 0920 hours over Rumaysh.
	0900	Four Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1040 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1300	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Batrun. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1500 hours over Naqurah.
28 December 2010	0805	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South, Beirut and its suburbs, Fayadiyah and Iqlim al-Kharrub before leaving at 2015 hours over Rumaysh.

Date	*Time*	*Air violations*
	1054	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1057 hours.
	1057	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1103 hours.
	1356	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1359 hours.
	1505	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1525 hours.
	2145	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Tyre. It circled over the sea between Sidon and Tyre before leaving at 2355 hours over the sea off Naqurah.
29 December 2010	0704	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1848 hours.
	0715	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Tyre. It circled over the South, the Bekaa and the Shuf before leaving at 1555 hours over Rumaysh.
	1521	An Israeli enemy warplane violated Lebanese airspace. It circled over the South before leaving at 1523 hours.
30 December 2010	1100	Israeli enemy helicopters violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the occupied Shab'a Farms. The sound of several explosions was heard inside the Farms.

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Security Council
Sixty-sixth year

Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development

The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan

Elimination of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance

Responsibility of States for internationally wrongful acts

Letter dated 4 February 2011 from the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Upon instructions from my Government, I have the honour to draw your attention to ongoing violations of the ceasefire by the armed forces of the Republic of Armenia, recorded for the months of December 2010 and January 2011 (see annex). As a result, during this period two soldiers of the armed forces of the Republic of Azerbaijan were killed and two other Azerbaijani soldiers and one civilian were seriously wounded. On 17 December 2010, the Armenian side fired a 122-mm, high-explosive, fragmentation shell from a position approximately 2.5 km west of the occupied village of Talysh of the Tartar district of Azerbaijan. The shell landed near the same district's village of Borsunlu. Its trajectory was visible in the night sky and the impact was felt in nearby villages. By lucky chance, there were no casualties.

Against this background, the high-ranking officials of the Republic of Armenia continued their bellicose statements, thus openly and deliberatively challenging the perspectives of the negotiated settlement of the conflict and provoking an escalation of the situation. Thus, in his statement of 17 January 2011, full of the usual historical falsifications and factual distortions, President Serzh Sargsyan of the Republic of Armenia made it absolutely clear that the official position of Yerevan in the conflict settlement process is based upon a fundamental and persistent denial of the generally accepted principles of freedom, justice and peace (see the official website of the President of Armenia, available from http://www.president.am/events/statements/eng/?id=84).

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In an interview on 27 January 2011, President Sargsyan confirmed once again that the Armenian side considers the conflict settlement process only as a means of achieving the annexation of Azerbaijani territories that it has captured through military force and in which it has carried out ethnic cleansing. In other words, by insisting on unrealistic claims, Armenia pursues the poorly concealed object of discrediting the ongoing political process, at the core of which is the settlement formula based on putting an end to the illegal Armenian occupation, restoring the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Azerbaijan and ensuring the peaceful coexistence of Armenian and Azerbaijani communities in the Nagorno-Karabakh region within the Republic of Azerbaijan (see the official website of the President of Armenia, available from http://www.president.am/events/press/rvs/?id=60).

In another statement made the same day on the occasion of "Army Day", the President of Armenia once again resorted to open threats through disgraceful and cynical glorification of his armed forces and their heinous crimes perpetrated in the course of the aggression against Azerbaijan. It is notable that, whereas the world unambiguously qualifies the behaviour of the invading Armenian armed forces as "acts of particular gravity amounting to war crimes or crimes against humanity", the head of the Armenian State regards the same acts as "glorious victories", which paved the way for his "nation's and ... country's road in modern history". At the same time, in contrast to the usual propaganda tricks of official Yerevan aimed at misleading the international community as to Armenia's role in the war, President Sargsyan once again admitted his and his armed forces' direct responsibility for the illegal use of force against Azerbaijan, occupying its territories and committing the most serious international crimes in the course of the aggression. Such words of the head of the Armenian State as "[w]e won them paying with blood, we, all together, won them in the cruellest war" and "[c]ertainly, capabilities of our Army today cannot be compared with the capabilities that we had during the war for Artsakh" leave no doubt as to Armenia's full international responsibility for the breaches of international law that have occurred and continue to occur (see the official website of the President of Armenia, available from http://www.president.am/events/statements/eng/?id=85).

I would also like to draw your attention to the letter dated 29 December 2010 from the representative of Armenia circulated as document A/65/677-S/2010/676. The content of the letter as such represents none other than yet more mere verbiage uselessly rending the air against the background of irrefutable facts testifying to the opposite. At the same time, it is curious that the aforementioned letter of the representative of Armenia, addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, before having been made available to the States Members of the United Nations, appeared first in Armenia's mass media outlets.

The annex to the aforementioned letter of the representative of Armenia containing the information on the alleged violations of the ceasefire by the armed forces of Azerbaijan, along with all previous documents of the same nature circulated by the delegation of Armenia in the United Nations, attracts particular attention. A number of apparent inaccuracies and even anecdotal inconsistencies, such as those pertaining to the suspicious lack of casualties among Armenian militaries and their enviable "ability" to uniquely determine the exact number of firearm bullets allegedly shot by the adverse party, represent obvious proof of falsifications. It is also notable that Armenia began circulating such documents in the United Nations only after Azerbaijan applied the practice of informing the

Secretary-General and Member States about the ongoing violations of the ceasefire by the armed forces of Armenia.

In conclusion, it should be pointed out that not only is the Republic of Armenia's role as the aggressor clear but the level of its continuing illegal control over the Nagorno-Karabakh region and other occupied territories of Azerbaijan entails State responsibility under international law. The primary obligation upon Armenia is to cease its destructive policy of annexation and ethnic cleansing, renounce its attempts to discredit the peace process and ensure that the occupation of Azerbaijani territory is ended and that the inalienable right of Azerbaijani internally displaced persons to return to their places of origin is recognized and implemented.

I should be grateful if you would have the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda items 34, 39, 66 and 75, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Agshin **Mehdiyev**
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

Annex to the letter dated 4 February 2011 from the Permanent Representative of Azerbaijan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Violations of the ceasefire by the military forces of the Republic of Armenia[a] for the months of December 2010 and January 2011

Date	*Time*	*Fire point area*	*Direction*	*Weapons used*	*Casualties and damages*
17 December 2010	21.30	2.5 km west of the occupied Talysh village, Tartar district, Azerbaijan	Borsunlu village, Goranboy district, Azerbaijan	Artillery shell (122-mm rocket high-explosive shell)	—
6 January 2011	08.15	Occupied Marzili village, Agdam district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	20-year-old soldier of the Azerbaijani armed forces, Huseynov Ulvi Iftikhar, was seriously wounded
	09.15-09.25	Occupied unknown heights, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	—
	20.00-20.35	Unknown heights, Berd region, Armenia	Garalar village, Tovuz district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	20.00-20.35	Occupied Tapgaragoyunlu village, Goranboy district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	—
17 January	12.30-12.55	Occupied area outside Chilaburt village, Tartar district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	21-year-old Azerbaijani soldier, Mammad Azadaliyev, was killed

[a] Settlements of the Republic of Azerbaijan included in this information are under occupation by the Republic of Armenia or close to fire point areas.

Date	*Time*	*Fire point area*	*Direction*	*Weapons used*	*Casualties and damages*
20 January	10.00-10.55	Occupied area outside Chilaburt village, Tartar district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	25-year-old Azerbaijani soldier, Shamil Sadigov, was seriously wounded
23 January	13.00-13.35 14.35-14.40	Vazashen village, Idjevan region, Armenia	Adjacent heights, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	17.10-17.15	Aygovit village, Idjevan region, Armenia	Bala Jafarli village, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	18.10-18.15	Berdavan village, Noenberyan region, Armenia	Kamarli village, the Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	19.10-19.15 20.40-20.50 22.20-22.25	Aygovit, Azatamut and Berkaber villages, Idjevan region, Armenia	Bala Jafarli, Jafarli and Gizil Hajili villages, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
25 January	15.20-15.50	Occupied Kangarli village, Agdam district, Azerbaijan	Chiragli village, Agdam district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	59-year-old Azerbaijani civilian, Aslanova Aida, was seriously wounded
		Occupied area outside Javahirli village, Agdam district, Azerbaijan	Javahirli village, Agdam district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	26-year-old Azerbaijani soldier, Zamin Mammadov, was killed
27 January	17.12-17.15	Azatamut village, Idjevan region, Armenia	Jafarli village, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	22.20-22.23	Occupied unknown heights, Jabrayil district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	—

Date	*Time*	*Fire point area*	*Direction*	*Weapons used*	*Casualties and damages*
28 January	10.25-10.30	Unknown heights, Noenberyan region, Armenia	Adjacent heights, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	14.10-14.35 17.20-17.25	Voskepar and Dovekh villages, Armenia	Adjacent heights, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	14.05-14.10	Vazashen village, Idjevan region, Armenia	Adjacent heights, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	23.10-23.20	Occupied area outside Goyarkh village, Tartar district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	—
29 January	00.15-00.20	Occupied unknown heights, Jabrayil district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	—
30 January	10.20-10.25	Vazashen village, Idjevan region, Armenia	Adjacent heights, Gazakh district, Azerbaijan	Firearm and machine gun	—
	11.00-11.05	Occupied unknown heights, Khojavand district, Azerbaijan	Adjacent area	Firearm and machine gun	—